





alternative tourism in the Adriatic and Ionian Macroregion

By Flavia Maria Coccia

of Alternative Tourism

16th-18th October 2019 (Arta, Greece)



WHY ACCESSIBILITY IS THE ENGINE OF TOURISM



It is impossible to overlook the interconnection among the 3 main gears of the tourism and socio-economic national



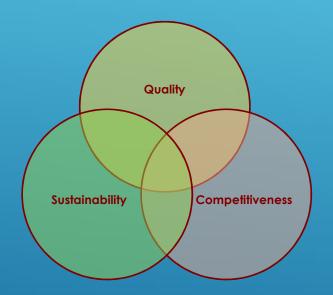
The "holiday for all" is the most important purpose for the development and the increase of the quality of tourism supply.



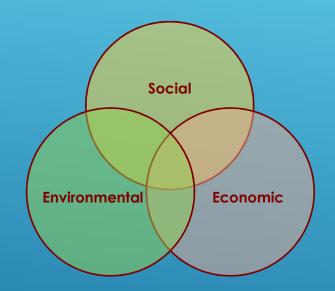


ISNART

DRION ADRIATIC SUSTAINABILITY IS THE BASIS OF DEVELOPMENT FOR A TOURIST DESTINATION



A destination that does not undertake actions aimed at preserving the environmental, cultural, landscape and human resources ceases to be "tourist".



Natural, Cultural resources and landscape resources identity

Wellness, income, employment

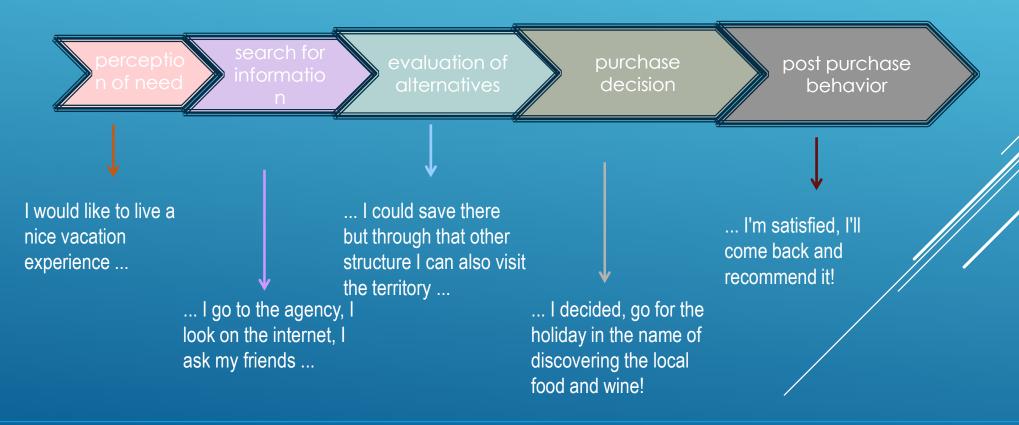
Host community





Know the customer, to let us choose

Customer decision-making process



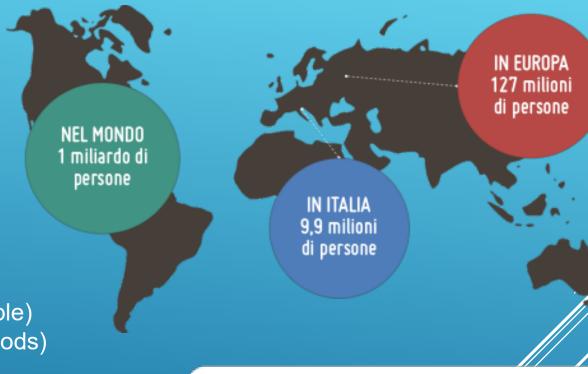




From Accessible Tourism to Accessible Hospitality The market and its

THE CONSTITUTE OF Accessible Tourism

- An almost unexplored market (127 million people)
- Longer season (preference for low season periods)
- Increase in turnover by 15%
- Customers with medium-high spending power (up to € 120 per day over overnight stay)
- Extended holidays (at least one holiday per year over 10 days)





FATTORE MOLTIPLICATORE: X2



FREQUENZA DEI VIAGGI: >1 all'anno



DURATA MEDIA DEL VIAGGIO: 10 giorn

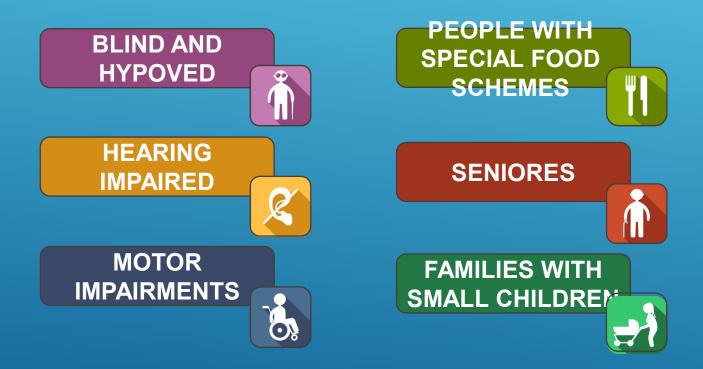


SPESA MEDIA PROCAPITE: 1.000€





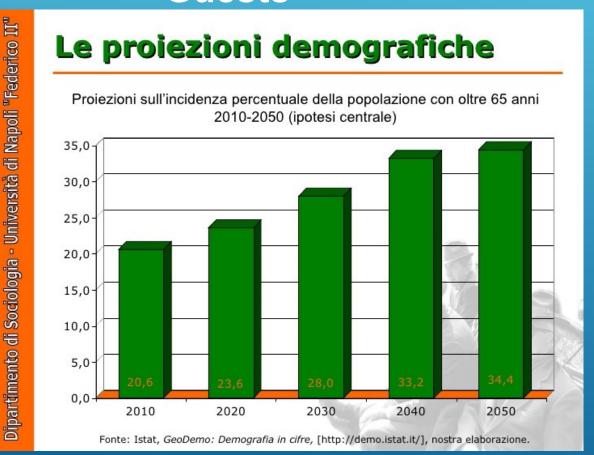
Accessible Hospitality - Who are these Guests





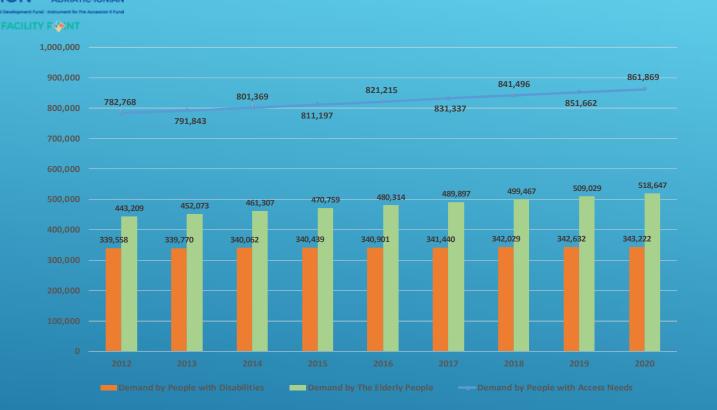


Accessible Hospitality - Who are these Guests



- demographic trend
- Population aging
- Elderly with the caregiver
- People with disabilities (motor, sight, hearing, cognitive, etc.)
- Persons with temporary disabilities

Current demand and forecast of Accessible Tourism EU



As of 2011, there were 138.6 million people with access needs in the EU, of which 35.9% were people with disabilities aged 15-64, and 64.1% were the elderly population aged 65 or above.

Among the EU27 countries, UK, France, Germany, Italy and Spain are countries with the largest population of people with access needs, all above 10 million

In 2012, people with access needs in the EU took approximately **783 million trips** within the EU, and the demand is anticipated to grow to about **862 million** trips per year by 2020, equivalent to an average growth rate of 1.2% annually.





Economic impact of Accessible Tourism in the EU

Direct gross turnover (2012): +/- €352 billion

Total Gross turnover + multiplier effect (2012): +/- €786 billion.

The direct employment contribution of EU's Accessible Tourism is about **4.2 million persons**; a taking the multiplier effect into account, the total employment generated is about **8.7 million persons**







Cost of non-accessibility of tourism

Scenario A: minimum improvement (+18%) +/- €415 billion

Scenario B: medium improvements (+25%) +/- €439 billion

Scenario C: maximum improvements (+36%) +/- €480 billion

Scenario	Scenario A		Scenario B		Scenario C	
Group	People with disabilities	The elderly population	People with disabilities	The elderly population	People with disabilities	The elderly population
Direct economic contribution (gross turnover, € million) of which, generated by	176,668	239,277	191,878	247,192	209,461	270,505
Existing travellers	85.7%	85.3%	79.9%	82.8%	77.4%	78.2%
New travellers	14.3%	14.7%	20.1%	17.2%	22.6%	21.8%





SO, WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS OF ACCESSIBLE TOURISM FOR THE EU +142 billion € (direct contribution to GDP)



+3.4 million jobs







availability of medical help and health treatments and ssistive devices get low satisfaction scores and are mentioned fairly frequently as barriers.



Among accessibility-related aspects, the availability of information about accessible services and accessible locations are



There is evidence of issues with the **price of accessibility**, with some people saying they had to pay more than the standard price or had to switch to a more expensive product or service at least sometimes





SMALL IMPROVEMENTS CAN GO A LONG WAY...



Improvements



Results



Medical help and menus for special dietary needs. These items are also mentioned often by people who travel with children, together with equipment and activities for children

In terms of building accessibility, the aspects seen as most important by all three groups are accessible toilets, accessible parking spaces and the ease of use of lifts

- Over 80% say they are likely to return to a destination when they are satisfied with accessibility and
- would consider increasing their travel budget or travelling more often









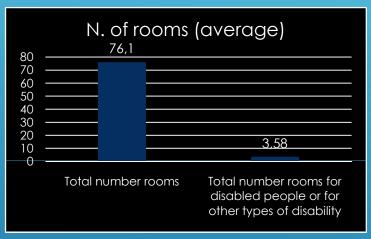
This Project has received funding from the European Union's COSME programme 2014-2020

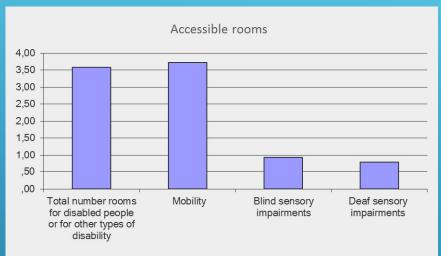












The results about accessibility in tourism accommodation show that on an average of 76,1 total rooms pro-enterprise only 3,58 rooms (average) are accessible.

In details, 3,72 rooms are accessible for mobility disabilities, 0,94 for blind and 0,80 for deaf sensory
This Project has received funding from the European Union's COSME

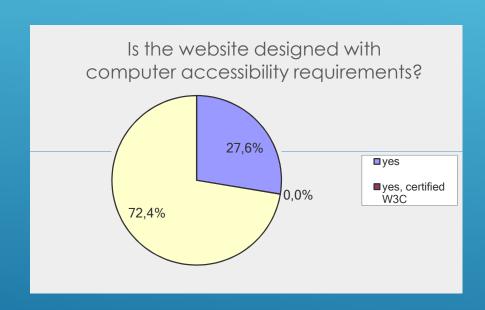
programme 2014-2020



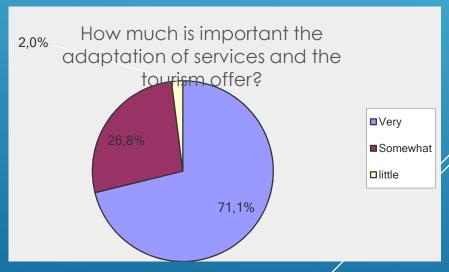








The accessibility of the website regards the 27,6% of total Italian accommodations, however 71,1% of SMEs says that it is very important the adaptation of services for all needs.

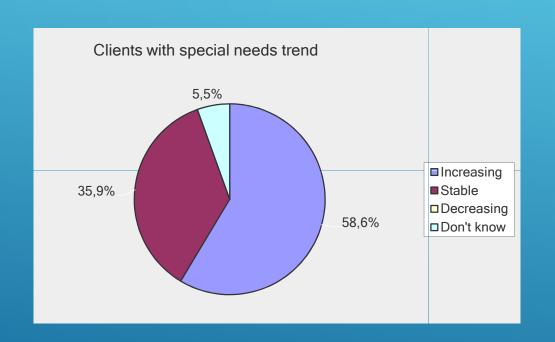












Trends of tourism demand with special needs indicated by accommodation are increasing (58,6%) or at least in stability phase (35,9%).

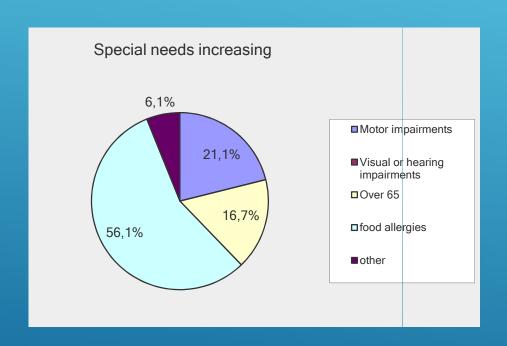
This Project has received funding from the European Union's COSME programme 2014-2020











Increasing impairments are for 56,1% of accommodation those of food allergies, for 21,1% those of motor impairments, and for 16,7% those of over 65.

This Project has received funding from the European Union's COSME programme 2014-2020



Le opportunità in Italia del mercato del turismo balneare accessibile a tutti



EU estimates indicate that a minimum improvement in accessibility in 18% of the offer would lead to a + 14.7% increase in travel in Europe for a direct turnover of 415 billion euros.

If Italy could intercept 10% of these tourist flows and considering that, actually

- cultural tourism represents 43%,
- bathing 37%,
- and mountain tourism 14%

of total tourist presences in Italy, we can host:

- Up to 37 million trips related to Accessible Cultural tourism.
- Up to 32 million trips related Accessibel Seaside Tourism
- > Up to 11 million trips related to accessibleTourism on the mountain destinations

More over, with an improvement in supply, we could have the potential to increase 11 million more trips and revenues of around 12 billion euros,

DRIOACCESSIBILITY IS AN OPPORTUNITY TO SELL MORE ROOMS SAIR FACILITY OF THE YEAR



Occupazione camere nelle imprese turistiche italiane per area-prodotto (%)

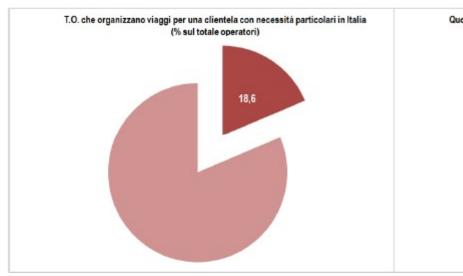
	I trimestre	II trimestre	III trimestre	IV trimestre	Media anno
Città	33,9	45,6	57,8	40,9	44,5
Montagna	43,9	39,0	54,4	47,2	46,1
Terme	39,2	48,6	66,9	49,2	51,0
Lago	22,8	34,2	63,0	27,5	36,9
Mare	19,9	40,1	74,1	24,3	39,6
Campagna	27,4	37,3	60,8	34,0	39,9
Altre località	31,7	38,6	53,2	36,5	40,0
Italia	29,3	40,7	63,7	34,5	42,0

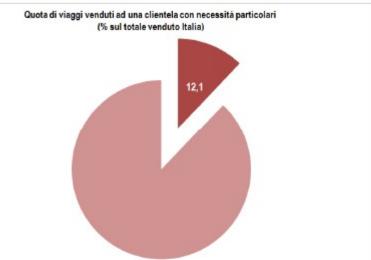
Fonte: Osservatorio avanguardie del turismo Isnart-Unioncamere











Fonte: Osservatorio Nazionale del Turismo- dati Unioncamere

Il 18,6% dei tour operators è specializzato nell'organizzazione di viaggi in Italia per la clientela con esigenze speciali, e complessivamente, sul totale dei pacchetti venduti verso l'Italia, questa clientela rappresenta il 12,1%.





RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE NEXT FUTURE

Targets

Spreading the concept of Accessible Hospitality for All

Promote the Training of Entrepreneurs, Stake Holders, Managers and Personnel

Use consolidated schemes with an international vision based on the collection of objective data

Apply the principles of Universal Design to achieve a Transparent Accessibility Communication that knows how to make the Guest the protagonist of the choice

No to self-certification

No to accessibility statements

No only to respect the laws on architectural barriers

22





RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE NEXT FUTURE

Working on the Destinations, in terms of organization, rationalization and development that involves institutions, hospitality and service tourism companies towards the construction of new tourism products that enhance the accessibility of the offer by focusing on holiday motivation and not on the mere usability of a resource.

Secondly, to create new imagery about destinations that can stimulate tourists to vacation desires that match the various tourism product they intend to offer.



BLACK LIST

VS

WHITE LIST

the most common errors in tourist facilities in terms of transparent accessibility

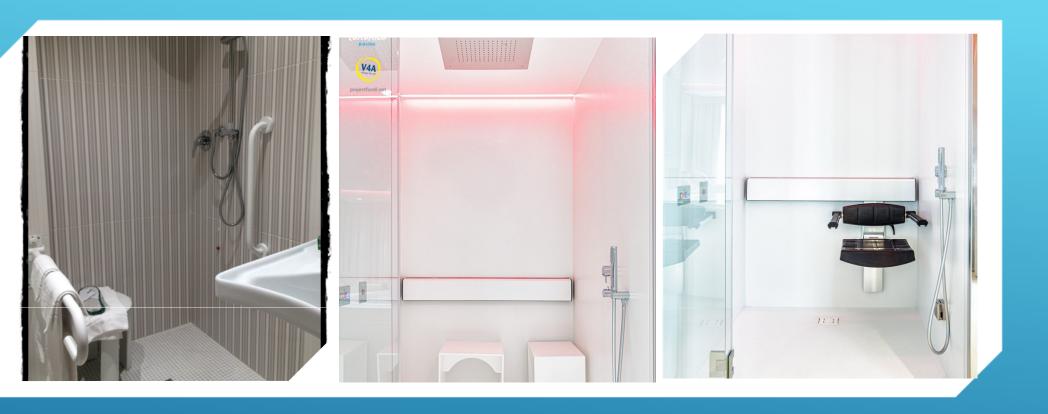
Transparent accessibility (design for all): giving value to HOSPITALITY





Mirror of my desires ...





SHOWER TO RELAX?





WAIT AND RELAX?

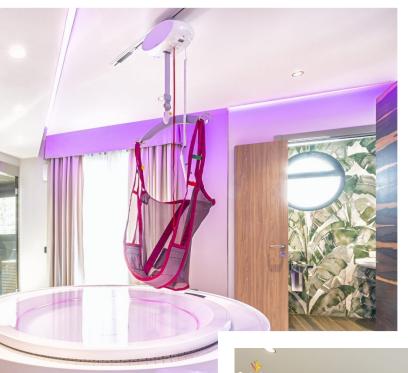




representation of a part of the second secon













TRANSPAREN ACCESSIBILITY





Grazie per l'attenzione f.coccia@isnart.it

@flaviamcoccia